

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR FIBER OPTIC CABLE

A. General

1. Ensure that the fiber optic cable used for outdoor applications is single mode single jacket single armor gel-free with loose buffer tubes and it meets or exceeds all applicable Standards.
2. When the fiber optic cable is not used for outdoor applications:
 - a. Ensure that general use cable is resistant to the spread of fire and labeled OFN.
 - b. Ensure that fiber optic cable installed in plenums, ducts or other space used for environmental air has fire-resistant and low smoke producing characteristics and is labeled OFNP.
 - c. Ensure that fiber optic cable installed in risers, spaces used for vertical runs in a shaft or from floor to floor has fire-resistant characteristics capable of preventing the spreading of fire from floor to floor and is labeled OFNR.
3. Standards
 - a. Electronic Industry Standards (EIA/TIA), EIA/TIA-455, EIA/TIA-472, EIA/TIA-598
 - b. Fiber Optic Testing Parameters (FOTP)
 - c. International Telecommunications Union (ITU), ITU G.652.D
 - d. ASTM standards, ASTM D3349, ASTM D1248
 - e. National Fire Protection Code (NFPA), NFPA 70, National Electrical Code (NEC)
4. Environmental
 - a. Operating temperature range: -40 °F to +158 °F
 - b. Installation temperature range: -22 °F to +158 °F
 - c. Storage Temperature: -40 °F to +158 °F

B. Cable Characteristics

1. Ensure that the optical fibers are contained within loose, gel-free buffer tubes that are stranded around an all-dielectric central strength member.
2. Ensure that the cable core is a tensile strength member and is surrounded by a water swellable yarn.
3. Ensure that a high or medium density polyethylene outer jacket is provided for overall protection.
4. Ensure that the fiber optic cable includes the following components:
 - a. Color coded single mode optical fibers.
 - b. Gel-free color coded buffer tubes.
 - c. Central strength member - glass reinforced plastic dielectric rod.
 - d. Filler rod - medium or high density polyethylene.
 - e. Stranding – buffer tubes stranded around central member and held in place with binders.
 - f. Water-swallowable yarn and tape that is non-nutritive to fungus, electrically non-conductive, non-toxic, dermatological safe and compatible with all other cable components.
 - g. Core separator or binders - non-hygroscopic, non-wicking and dielectric with low shrinkage.
 - h. Tensile outer strength member - high tensile strength aramid yarns and fiberglass helically stranded evenly around the cable core.
 - i. Ripcord – minimum two ripcords, equally spaced (180° for 2).
 - j. Outer jacket - HDPE or MDPE, co-extruded colored stripe, coded and labeled.
 - k. Each optical fiber is to be distinguishable from others in the same buffer tube by means of color coding according to EIA/TIA-598-B color coding for fiber optic cable.
 - l. In cables containing multiple buffer tubes each buffer tube is to be distinguishable from others in the same cable by means of color coding according to EIA/TIA-598 color coding for fiber optic cable.
5. Mechanical Characteristics
 - a. Maximum tensile loading during installation: 600 lbf (also called loaded)
 - b. Maximum tensile loading for the unloaded application: 130 lbf (also called installed)

- c. Minimum bending radius of during installation: 15 times the cable diameter
- d. Minimum bending radius for unloaded application: 10 times the cable diameter
- 6. Fiber Characteristics
 - a. Single Mode Fiber
 - b. Type: Step Index
 - c. Core diameter: 8.3 μm (nominal)
 - d. Cladding diameter: 125 $\mu\text{m} \pm 0.7 \mu\text{m}$
 - e. Core to Cladding Concentricity: $\leq 0.5 \mu\text{m}$
 - f. Cladding Non-circularity: $\leq 1.0 \%$
 - g. Coating Diameter: 245 $\mu\text{m} \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$
 - h. Proof/ Tensile Test: 100 kpsi, minimum
 - i. Attenuation:
 - (A) @ 1310 nm $\leq 0.64 \text{ dB/mile (or } \leq 0.4 \text{ dB/km)}$
 - (B) @ 1550 nm $\leq 0.48 \text{ dB/mile (or } \leq 0.3 \text{ dB/km)}$
 - j. Attenuation at the Water Peak: $\leq 2.1 \text{ dB/km @ } 1383 \pm 3 \text{ nm}$
 - k. Chromatic Dispersion:
 - (A) Zero Dispersion Wavelength 1302 to 1322 nm
 - (B) Zero Dispersion Slope 0.092 ps/ (nm²•km)
 - l. Maximum Dispersion:
 - $\leq 3.5 \text{ ps/ (nm} \cdot \text{km for } 1285\text{-}1330 \text{ nm}$
 - $< 18 \text{ ps/ (nm} \cdot \text{km) for } 1550 \text{ nm}$
 - m. Cut-Off Wavelength: $< 1260 \text{ nm}$
 - n. Mode Field Diameter:
 - 9.2 $\pm 0.4 \mu\text{m}$ at 1310 μm ,
 - 10.4 $\pm 0.8 \mu\text{m}$ at 1550 μm
 - o. Macro bending Loss
 - Measured on loose fiber of
 - 100 turns of 75 mm diameter (tested
 - in accordance with EIA-455-62):
 - $\leq 0.05 \text{ dB @ } 1310 \text{ nm}$
 - $\leq 0.10 \text{ dB @ } 1550 \text{ nm}$
- 7. Buffer Tubes
 - a. Minimum buffer tube diameter: 0.078 inch
 - b. Maximum buffer tube diameter: 0.12 inch
 - c. Fibers per tube: 2 – 12
 - d. Tubes per cable: 1 – 24
 - e. Water blocking protection: Water-Swellable yarn
- 8. Outer Jacket
 - a. Materials
 - (A) For fiber optic cable designated for outdoor use application: high density or medium density polyethylene as defined by ASTM D1248, Type II, Class C, Category 4, Grade J4, E7 and E8.
 - (B) For fiber optic cable designated for other applications: Provide material meeting specifications under section A.
 - b. Minimum jacket thickness - 0.055 inch.
 - c. Labeling:
 - (A) Additional parameters required on the label:
 - "NJDOT FIBER OPTIC CABLE"
 - # FIBERS "FIBER"
 - "SINGLE MODE"
 - Manufacturer's name, Date of manufacture.
 - d. Sequential Cable labeling is to be printed on the cable outer jacket every two feet or as designated in the contract documents. Use capital letters for labeling with a text height of 0.1 inch.
 - e. Use contrasting color to the cable jacket for marking.
 - f. Co-extruded stripe color-coded with 0.04 inch stripe width.
 - g. Provide ultra-violet light protection.
- 9. Cable Armor

- a. Cable Armor to provide rodent and corrosion resistance while minimizing the susceptibility to lightning damage. Use of stranded wires in conjunction with tape armor is not permitted.
 - b. Design and Test Criteria: ANSI/ICEA S-87-640
 - c. Material: Electrolytically chrome coated, low carbon steel tape, coated with Polymer material on both sides
 - d. Application: Corrugated Single armor applied longitudinally around outside of water-swellaable tape with overlapping seam
10. Cable Types
- a. Number of fibers, number of buffer tubes, number of fibers per buffer tube, outer jacket stripe color and outer diameter are to be as shown below:

FIBER OPTIC CABLE TYPE	NUMBER OF FIBERS	NUMBER OF BUFFER TUBES	NUMBER OF FIBERS PER BUFFER TUBE	OUTER JACKET STRIPE COLOR	Nominal Outer Diameter (inch)
Type A	48	8	6	Green	0.63
Type B	36	6	6	Blue	0.55
Type C	24	4	6	Orange	0.52
Type D	18	3	6	White	0.52
Type E	12	2	6	Red	0.52
Type F	6	1	6	Red	0.52
Type G	96	8	12	Green	0.54